# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

# TO THE MEMBERS OF ADVIKA PROPERTIES PRIVATE LIMITED

# Report on the Ind AS standalone Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Advika Properties Private Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (Hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, its profit earned, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion:**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The board report is expected to

be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the report containing other information if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

# Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:**

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is as follows:
- A. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the

financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- B. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- C. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:**

- 10. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extend applicable.
- 11. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian

Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 from being appointed as directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financials controls with reference to financial statements.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16):In our opinion and according to the information & explanation given to us, the company has not paid managerial remuneration during the year ended Mar31, 2023 and accordingly the limits for payment of managerial remuneration under Sec 197 of the Act are not applicable.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

A. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries")

- or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- B. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries, and
- C. Based on such audit procedures that the auditor has considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to the notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
- v. During the year, the company neither declared nor paid any dividend. Hence reporting on compliance with provisions of section 123 of the Act does not arise.
- vi. Proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies(Accounts) Rules,2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail(edit log) facility is applicable to the company with effect from April 1,2023 and accordingly reporting under Rule 11(g) of companies( Audit and Auditors) Rule, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31,2023

**PLACE: BANGALORE** 

**DATE: April 27, 2023** 

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

BRAHMAV AR GIRISH RAO

Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO Date: 2023.04.27 20:31:31 +05'30'

Girish Rao B

Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN No.000934S

UDIN: 23085745BGYIKZ1381

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report referred to in clause 1 of paragraph on the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023:

Re: Advika Properties Private Limited

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I.

- a. Based on Verification of books of accounts of the company, the company does not have any assets under the head Property Plant and Equipment and as such reporting requirements under this head is not applicable
- b. Based on Verification of books of accounts of the company, no Intangible Assets are held during the year.
- c. The reporting requirements of Physical verification under this clause is not applicable as the company is holding only land at the year end
- d. Based on Verification of books of accounts of the company, We are of the opinion that all the title deeds of the immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements are in the name of the company
- e. As the company does not have any asset under the head Property Plant & Equipment the reporting requirement of revaluation does not arise
- f. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have not noticed any proceedings initiated against the company or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the benami transaction (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (450 of 1988) and rules made there under.

II

a The nature of companies operation does not warrant holding of any stocks. Accordingly paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

b The reporting requirements under this sub clause is not applicable as the company is not been sanctioned with working capital limits from banks or Financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets in excess of five crores at any point during the year.

III a Based on the verification of books of accounts, we have noticed that the company has made any investments in one of its co- subsidiaries which are not prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the company as mentioned in notes to account no 5 and not Provided any guarantee or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Further the company's land has been mortgaged to ICICI and IDBI bank as security by way of deposit of title deeds for the non convertible debentures issued to the bank by the holding company. The details of the same are given below:

Particulars	Land-Security _	Land -security value in	Investment in co-
	Acres	Rs	subsidiary Rs
Aggregate amount	Given in earlier	Given in earlier years	2,00,00,000
during the year	years		
Balance amount at			
the end of year- ICIC	12.730	1,76,45,658	
IDBI	8.030	1,11,30,765	2,00,00,000

In our opinion security given are not prima facie prejudicial to the interest of the company

# GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR

**Chartered Accountants** 

IV In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has not granted any loan, made any investments, gave any guarantee or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person in contravention of section 185 and 186 of the Companies A ct,2013.

V According to the information and explanation given to us the company has not accepted deposits from the public during the year and as such this clause is not applicable.

VI According to the information and explanation given to us the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the activities carried out by the Company, and hence this clause is not applicable.

VII a. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in payment of undisputed statutory dues including income tax, Goods and service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable with appropriate authorities. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us there are no disputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, Goods and service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable as at 31st March 2023. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.

VIII According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us We have not come across any instances of any transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income tax act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

IX a Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not defaulted in repayments of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest during the year.

b Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not been declared as willful defaulter by banks or financial institutions or other lenders.

- c Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has applied the term loans for the purpose for which it is taken
- d Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
- e Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet obligation of its subsidiaries or its associates or joint ventures.

# GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR

# **Chartered Accountants**

f Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, Joint ventures and associate companies.

X a The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instrument) during the year. Accordingly reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

b Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not made any prudential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully an partially or optionally convertible) during the year

XI a During the course of examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have not come across any instance of fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees of the company during the year.

b Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, we have not come across any report under sub section (12) of section 143 of the companies act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT -4 as prescribed under rule 13 of companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the central government

c Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, We have not come across any instances of whistle blower complaints during the year.

XII In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

XIII According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act.2013 and the details of the transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as per applicable accounting Standards.

XIV In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have internal audit system as per the provisions of companies act. As such reporting requirement is not applicable under this clause

XV According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that the company has not entered into Non cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.

XVI a According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company is not required to be Registered under Section 45 -IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

b According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company has not conducted any Non banking financial or housing financial activities without valid certificate of Registration from Reserve bank of india as Reserve bank of India act, 1934

- c According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company is not a core investment company as defined in the regulations made by the reserve bank of India. Accordingly, reporting requirements under this paragraph of the order is not applicable.
- d According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that there no core investment companies in the group

XVII Based on the review of audited financial statements, the company has not incurred cash loss during the year and also in the immediately preceding financial year.

XVIII During this year no other statutory auditors have resigned and as such reporting requirements under this paragraph is not applicable.

XIX On the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the board of directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report the company is capable of meetings its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet date as and when they fall due with in a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

XX According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company does not fulfill the criteria as specified under section 135(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

XXI The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

**PLACE: BANGALORE** 

DATE: 27<sup>th</sup> April 2023

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

BRAHMAV Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH GIRISH RAO

RAO

Date: 2023.04.27 20:32:13 +05'30'

Girish Rao B Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN:000

UDIN: 23085745BGYIKZ1381

# Annexure B to Auditors' Report of even date

Report on the Internal Controls on Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Re: Advika Properties Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Advika Properties Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

# GIRISH **MURTHY & KUMAR**

**Chartered Accountants** 

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**PLACE: BANGALORE** 

**DATE: April 27, 2023** 

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR

**Chartered Accountants** 

Digitally signed by BRAHMAVA BRAHMAVAR GIRISH R GIRISH RAO RAO

Date: 2023.04.27 20:32:48 +05'30'

Girish Rao B Partner.

Membership No: 085745 FRN No.000934S

UDIN: 23085745BGYIKZ1381

	Discouling Found	Particulars Quarter ended Year ended				
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Dec-22	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
		(Refer Note 1)	Unaudited	(Refer Note 1)	Audited	Audited
1	Continuing Operations Revenue	(Melel Hote 1)	OBBRONER	(Melet Mole 1)		
•	a) Revenue from operations					
	i) Sales/income from operations	543		1915		9
	ii) Other operating income	888	180	H:	¥ .	,
	312 22 100 9)				08:	
	b) Other Income i) Foreign Exchange Fluctuation ( Net )		120	20		
	ii) Others	(284)	5,664	17,880	28,631	22,7
		SAME TO S	-190 - 0	17,880	28,631	22,7
	Total revenue	(284)	5,664	17,880	20,031	LLS
2	Expenses					
	(a) Revenue share paid/payable to concessionaire grantors	(4)	120	(2)		
	(b) Consumption of fuel	141	940	)=(		
	(c) Cost of materials consumed	(#1	182	781		
	(d) Purchases of traded goods	(#)	(2)	650 L		
	(e) (Increase) or decrease in stock-in-trade		191	20		
	(f) Sub-contracting expesnes	141	-	120	2	
	(g) Employee benefits expense	-	7 <del>=</del> 5	11 1-31	2	
	(h) Finance costs	(6)	7.5.1	(=)		
	(i) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	165	153	239	694	
	(j) Other expenses	V1-012-101C		6/9/050/4/	900055413	
	Total expenses	165	153	239	696	
3	Profit/(loss) from continuing operations before exceptional items and tax expense (1-2)	(449)	5,511	17,641	27,935	22,
1	Exceptional items	1=	( <del>-</del> )	( <del>-</del> 8)		8
5	Profit/(loss) from continuing operations before tax expenses (3 ±	(449)	5,511	17,641	27,935	22,
6	Tax expenses of continuing operations					
	(a) Current tax	<b>5</b> ₩	160	(*)	383	
	(b)Adjustments of tax relating to earlier periods	0.00	AT.		120	
	(c) Deferred tax	150	100	,#J		
7	Profit/(loss) after tax from continuing operations (5 $\pm$ 6)	(449)	5,511	17,641	27,935	22,7
3	Discontinued Operations				1	
3	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations before tax expenses	877			120	
)	Tax expenses of discontined operations	1				
	(a) Current tax	1/2/	Se	121	141	2
	(b) Deferred tax	-	0.40	(94)	( <b>#</b> )	
0	Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations (8 $\pm$ 9)	9 <del>7</del> 2	-	19		6
1	Profit/(loss) after tax for respective periods (7 + 10)	(449)	5,511	17,641	27,935	22,
2	Other Comprehensive Income					
-	(A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	194	18		æ	ō
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit	-	1021	100	876	
	(B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		189		100	15
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or l	-	200	-		8
3	Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective per	72	19	121	127	E E
4	Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (11 $\pm$ 13) [comprising Profit (loss) and Other comprehensive income (net of tax) for the respective periods]	(449)	5,511	17,641	27,935	22,
5	Earnings per equity share					
	i) Basic & diluted EPS	(0.45)	5.51	17.64	27.94	22
	ii) Basic & diluted EPS from continuing operations	(0.45)	5.51	17.64	27.94	22
	iii) Basic & diluted EPS from discontinued operations					

Note 1: The figures of the quarter ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarter of the relevant financial years.

For Girlsh Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants
Firm registration number: 0009345

B. Girish Rao

Partner Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 27th April'2023 4502, High Point IV 45, Palace Road, Bangalore-1 For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Advika Properties Private Limited

Jagadeeswara Rao Majji

Director DIN: 09641153 K L Krishna Kumar

Director DIN: 08206490

# Advika Properties Private Limited Statement of standalone assets and liabilities

(Amount in Thousands)

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(Amount in I housand
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022 (Audited)
NORMAN DE TRANSPORTE L'ELEGENT L	(Audited)	(Audited)
ASSETS	1	
a) Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		#
Capital work in progress		=
Investment property	13,032	12,83
Goodwill	" I	
Other intangible assets	υ )	=
Intangible assets under development	- 8	
Financial assets		
Investments		2
Investment in Fellow subsidiaries, associates and joint venture	20,000	<u> </u>
	20,000	_
Trade receivables		_
Loans and advances		2
Others	0.05	
Non-current tax assets (net)	0.03	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-
Other non-current assets		20
	33,032	13,03
b) Current assets	1	
Inventories	2	94
Financial assets		
Investments	_	-
Loans and advances	_	-
		9
Trade receivables	53	4
Cash and cash equivalents	.55	
Other bank balances		-
Other financial assets	i i	
Current tax assets (net)	T	
Other current assets	283	3:
	337	8
		AAAAAAAAAAAA
c) Assets classified as held for disposal	21,123	44,69
TOTAL ASSETS (a+b+c)	54,492	58,54
2 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		l
a) Equity		
Equity share capital	10,000	10,0
Other equity	27,253	(6
Total equity	37,253	9,3
266 1966		
b) Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	101	1
Trade payables	720	
Other financial liabilities	(#1	-
Provisions	641	677
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	15	102
Other non-current liabilities	79	-
	· ·	-
The second of th		
c) Current liabilities	1	ı
Financial liabilities	2 212	1
Borrowings	2,010	41,9
Trade payables	1	L
Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Due to others	120	2
Other financial liabilities	(m)	100
Other current liabilities	15,108	7,0
Provisions	040	N=
Current tax liabilities (net)		100
The second secon	17,238	49,2
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (a+b+c)	54,492	58,5

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Eirm registration number: 000934S

MURTHY & TO

4502, High Point IV 45, Palace Road,

Bangalore-1 APPERED ACCO

B. Girish Rao Partner Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Advika Properties Private Limited

JT. LTD.

Jagadeeswara A Director DIN: 09641153

K L Krishna Kumar Director DIN: 08206490

Advika Properties Private Limited CIN: U70102TZ2008PTC021691

Balance Sheet As at March 31, 2023 As at Notes 31-Mar-22 31-Mar-23 Assets Non- current assets 12,832 13,032 Investment property 3 Financial assets 20,000 Investment in Fellow subsidiaries, associates and joint venture 4 Loans 4 Other financials assets 5 0.05 Non-current tax assets (net) Other non-current assets 6 200 33,032 13,032 Current assets Financial assets 419 53 Cash and cash equivalents 5 1 Other financials assets 283 396 6 Other current assets 337 815 44,696 8 21,123 Assets classified as held for disposal 58,543 54,492 **Total assets Equity and liabilities** Equity 9 10,000 10,000 Equity share capital 27,253 10 -682 Other equity 37,253 9,318 Total equity Current liabilities Financial liabilities 41,935 2,010 Borrowings 13 Trade payables to MSME 11 120 211 Trade payables to other than MSME 11 Other financial liabilities 12 7,079 15,108 Other current liabilities 12 Current tax liabilities (net) 49,225 17,238 49,225 Total liabilities 17,238 54,492 58,543 Total equity and liabilities

Corporate information about the Company	1
Summary of significant accounting policies	2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	3-33
As per our report of even date	

MURTHY

High Point IV

15, Palace Road

Bangalore-1

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Advika Properties Private Limited

IKA PROD

Jagadees

Director

DIN: 09641153

K L Krishna Kumar

Director

(Amount in Thousands)

DIN: 08206490

# Advika Properties Private Limited CIN: U70102TZ2008PTC021691

Statement of Profit and loss for the Year ended March 31, 2023		(Ame	ount in Thousands)
School of Francisco	Natas	Year Ended	Year Ended
	Notes	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Continuing Operations		Harting Completion   It server access	
Income			
Other income	14	28,631	22,792
Total income (A)		28,631	22,792
Expenses			-
Employee benefits expense	15	2	2
Finance cost	16	1 <del>4</del>	
Other expenses	16	694	548
Total expenses (B)	-	696	550
Profit / (loss) before tax from continuing operations	-	27,935	22,242
Tax expenses of continuing operations	17		
Current tax			
Adjustments of tax relating to earlier periods		121	-
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)	·	8=8	
(Loss) / profit after tax from continuing operations		27,935	22,242
(Loss) / profit for the year	_	27,935	22,242
Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		72	·
Total comprehensive income for the year		27,935	22,242
Earnings per equity share (Rs.) from continuing operations Basic, computed on the basis of profit from continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the parent (per equity share of Rs.10	18	27.94	22.24
each) Earnings per equity share (Rs.) from continuing operations Diluted, computed on the basis of profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (per equity share of Rs.10 each)	18	27.94	22.24
Corporate information about the Company	1		
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date	3-33		

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants
Firm registration number: 000934S

High Point IV

45, Palace Road

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors Advika Properties Private Limited

Jagadeeswara Rao Majji

Director <

DIN: 09641153

K L Krishna Kumar

Director

DIN: 08206490

# Advika Properties Private Limited Statement of changes in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2023

(Amount in Thousands)

	Att				
Particulars	Equity Smire 24 and Source		Retained earnings	Total Equity	
For the Year ended March 31, 2023					
As at April 01,2022	10,000	(-)	(682)	9,318	
Changes in equity due to prior period errors	12		-	-	
Restated balance as at 01-Apr'2022	10,000	-	(682)	9,318	
Profit /(loss) for the year	-	:=(	27,935	27,935	
Other comprehensive income		-	15	-	
Total comprehensive income	10,000	-	27,253	37,253	
Movement during the year		The state of the s	12	) <del>=</del>	
As at March 31, 2023	10,000	-	27,253	37,253	

For the Year ended March 31, 2022				
As at April 01,2021	10,000		(22,924)	(12,924)
Changes in equity due to prior period errors	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Restated balance as at 01-Apr'2021	10,000		(22,924)	(12,924)
Profit /(loss) for the year		16	22,242	22,242
Other comprehensive income	-	121		-
Total comprehensive income	10,000	12	(682)	9,318
Movement during the year	40	78	<b>H</b> 3	
As at March 31, 2022	10,000	28	(682)	9,318

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

High Point IV

45, Palace Road,

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Ra

Partner -

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

For and on behalf of the board of directors Advika Properties Private Limited

Jagadeeswaya Rao Majji

Director

DIN: 09641153

K L Krishna Kumar

Director

DIN: 08206490

Cash flow from operating activities  Profit before tax  Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	r ended -Mar-22 22,242 22,242 (22,792) - - 5,454 20
Cash flow from operating activities 27,935 Profit before tax 27,935  Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment  Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (28,630)	22,242 22,242 (22,792) - - 5,454
Profit before tax  Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment  Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment  (28,630)	22,242 (22,792) - - 5,454
Profit before tax  Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment  Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment  (28,630)	22,242 (22,792) - - 5,454
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment  Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (28,630)	(22,792) - - - - 5,454
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (28,630)	- - - 5,454
Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (28,630)	- - - 5,454
Gaile (1033) on disposar of property, plant and equipment	- - - 5,454
Finance Income (1)	50
	50
Finance costs (including fair value change in financial instruments)	50
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	50
Working capital adjustments:	50
Increase/( decrease) in other current liabilities 8,030	20
(Increase)/ decrease in long term loans and advances	
(Increase)/ decrease in short term loans and advances	-
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial and non-financial assets	- 12
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets	13
(Increase)/ decrease in assets held for sale	-
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables and other financial liabilities	(16,842)
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables (91)	78
7,355	(11,828)
Income tax paid (net of refund) (0)	-
Net cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities (A) 7,355	(11,828)
Investing activities	
Purchase ofInvestment property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress	
and capital advances) 200	(200)
Purchase of intangible assets	-
Proceeds from sale of investment property, plant and equipment and Asset held for sale 52,004	34,728
(Increase)/ decrease in Long term investments (20,000)	-
Interest received 1	-
Net cash flows from/ (used in) investing activities (B) 32,204	34,528
Financing activities	
Proceeds from borrowings (39,925)	(22,420)
Interest paid (gross)	2=
Net cash flows from/ (used in) financing activities (C) (39,925)	(22,420)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (366)	280
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 419	139
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period 54	419
Components of cash and cash equivalents	
Cash on hand	7
Balances with scheduled banks:	
In current accounts 50	412
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 7) 53	419
Corporate information about the Company 1	
Summary of significant accounting policies 2	
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.  3-33	
As per our report of even date	
For Girish Murthy & Kumar For and on behalf of the board of directors	
Chartered Accountants of Advika Properties Pvt Ltd.	
Firm registration number: 000934S	

B. Girith Rao

Partner Membership No: 85745

High Point IV

45, Palace Road,

Place : Hosur

Date: 27th April'2023

Jagadeeswara Rao Majji Director DIN: 09641153

K L Krishna Kumar





Investment Property				in Thousands)
	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Total
Cost				
At April 1,2021	40,619			40,619
Additions	≅			940
Disposals	9			(=)
Assets-Held for Sale	(27,787)			(27,787)
At March 31, 2022	12,832	372	35	12,832
Additions	-			(2)
Expenses Capitalised during the Year	200			200
Disposals	8			(2)
Assets-Held for Sale	12			1570
At March 31, 2023	13,032	128	22	13,032
Net Book value				
At March 31, 2023	13,032	-		13,032
At March 31, 2022	12,832		-	12,832
At April 1,2021	40,619	10%		40,619
			(Amount	in Thousands)
Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment property			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Rental income derived from investment properties			2	(14)
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income			-	100
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not generate rental income				870
Profit arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses			<u> </u>	18
Less – Depreciation				14
Profit arising from investment properties before indirect expenses		( <del>)</del>	-	- 34

#### Notes:

As at 31st March 2023, the fair value of the investment property Rs 3.871 Crore (March 31,2022: 3.544 Crores). The fair value is based on accredited independent valuer.

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

Expensional Section of Contract Contrac	••••••••••••••••••••	gr 16 4 b bl. bt-	Range (weighte	Range (weighted average)		
Investment Properties	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22		
Note:The company owned 9.96 (March'22- 9.96) Acres of land under the jurisdiction of Shoolagin Sub-registrar office in Krishnagiri District of Tamil Nadu, as on balance sheet date 31st March 2023. The estimated market value of the land is Rs. 3.871 crores (as on 31st March 2022 - Rs. 3.544 crores). The management doesn't foresee any loss in the value of the property due to this acquisition.	Sales Comparison Method ( Market Approach.)	Nill	2	. H		

The company owned 30.39 acres of land during the FY2020-21. During the FY2020-21, the company has sold zero acres of land and reclassified as assets held for sale 20.43 acres. As on 31st March'2022 the company has 9.96 acres of land and also 31st March'23 the company has 9.96 acres of land

Out of the total lands held by the company (i.e as Investment Property and Asset held for Sale), an extent of 12.730 acres have been mortgaged to ICICI Bank as security for the Non-convertible Debentures subscribed by the bank and 8.030 acres of land have been mortgaged to IDBI Bank as security for the working capital facility provided by the bank. The security was provided by way deposit of title deeds for the above facilities availed by the holding company GMR Power and Urban Infra Limited (Previously GMR Infrastructure Limited).

Note: The above estimated values are based on the valaution of the land done by extenal experts as on 31st December 2022 and Management is of the view that the valuation of lands has not changed materially as on 31.03.2023 and retain the value of properties same as December 2022





Investment in Fellow subsidiaries, associates and joint venture			(Amount	in Thousands)
	N	Current		
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Investment in debentures-Fellow subsidiary company	20,000	23	(4)	
3200 20 20	(E)		-	
	20,000		-	

During the FY2022-23, the company has invested in 2,00,000 Unsecured Compulsory convertible Debentures (CCDs) of Dhruvi Securities Limited (DSL) at a face value of Rs 10 each fully paid-up issued at premium of Rs.10 each with coupon rate @ 0.1% per annum. The CCDs are compulsorily convertible into Equity shares of the Issuer at the face value after 5 years from the date of the allotment. As on 31st Mar'23 the closing balance of CCDs are Rs.40,00,000.

During this FY2022-23, the company has invested in 16 Unsecured Compulsory convertible Debentures (CCDs) of GMR Krishnagiri SIR Limited (GKSIR) at a face value of Rs 10,00,000 each fully paid-up with coupon rate @ 0.01% per annum. The CCDs are compulsorily convertible into Equity shares of the Issuer at the face value after 5 years from the date of the allotment. As on 31st Mar'23 the closing balance of CCDs are Rs 160,00,000 .As on 31st Mar'23, total closing balance of CCD of Rs 20,000,000

# 5 Other financials assets

(Amount in Thousands)

	Non-curi	rent	Curre	ıt
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Interest recovable from related parties	¥	29	1941	143
Interest accrued on long term investments			1	(+)
Non trade receivable from related parties -unsecured considered good				-
Interest accrued on Fixed Deposits		1754	1073	-
340-0400/0000000000000000000000000000000	<u> </u>	120	1	
Other assets			(Amount in Thousand	
	Non-current		Current	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Capital advances				
Unsecured, considered good	15	200		4
Advances recoverable in cash or kind				
Unsecured considered good	2	-	2	-
Advance to suppliers	*	360	=	() <del>-</del>
Advance to employees		(5)		6
	π	1734	-	6
Less: Provision for doubtful advances			<u> </u>	
				6
Others				
Prepaid expenses	SII	(5)	n.	1575
Balances with statutory/government authorities	17/1	(57)	283	390
The state of the s	(A)		283	390
	<b>4</b> 0	200	283	396





Cash and cash equivalents				(Amount	in Thousands)
		Non-curr	ent	Cu	rrent
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Balances with banks:					
- On current accounts		(20)	121	50	412
- Deposits with less than three months maturity		Est.	1920	티	1-
Cash on hand		(4)		-4	7
	(A)	200	0.50	53	419
Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalen	ts				
- Deposits with maturity for more than 12 months		3	-	2	-
- Deposits with maturity for more than 3 months b		20	(2)	9	(Fe)
- Margin money deposit		(a)	(9)		5.7
	(B)	-	(P)		
Total	(A+B)		-	53	419
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cas	sh and cash equivalents comprise the following:			(Amount	in Thousands
To the purpose of the statement of them to stay and				31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Balances with banks:					
- On current accounts					
				50	412
<ul> <li>Deposits with less than three months maturity</li> </ul>				50	SCHOOL ST
				50 - 4	412 - 7
Cash on hand			_	4	- 7 -
Cash on hand			:	50 - 4 53	- 7 -
Cash on hand Less : Bank overdrafts			3	53	- 7 - 419
Cash on hand Less : Bank overdrafts			<u>-</u>	4 - 53 (Amount	7 419 in Thousands
Cash on hand Less : Bank overdrafts		Non-curi		4 - 53 (Amount Currer	- 7 - 419 in Thousands
Cash on hand Less : Bank overdrafts		Non-curi 31-Mar-23		-4 -53 (Amount Currer 31-Mar-23	- 7 - 419 in Thousands it 31-Mar-22
Deposits with less than three months maturity Cash on hand Less: Bank overdrafts  Assets classified as held for disposal  Assets Classified as Held for Sale				4 - 53 (Amount	- 7 - 419 in Thousands

During the FY 2020-21 the company has transferred 21.88 acres of laud to Asset held for sale in respect of Land acquired by SIPCOT. Out of this the company could sell 9.14 acres of land to SIPCOT during this year. During this FY2022-23 the company has further sold 8.94 acres of Land.to SIPCOT

During the FY 2021-22 the company has entered into MOU with various parties which the company proposed to sell 20.43 acres in FY 2022-23, cost of these land are reclassified as Asset held for sale, as such total no. of acres asset held for sale as on 31st March'22 is 33.17 acres of land. During this FY2022-23, the company has sold 9.550 acres of Land.to various parties. As on 31st March'23, total no. of acres asset held for sale is 14.68 acres of Land





Share Capital			(Amount 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
			D1-11111-25	DA TIME DA
Authorised shares			5-17 MARCING 10/00/	eranteren.
10,00,000 (March 31, 2022: 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each			10,000	10,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares				
10,00,000 (March 31, 2022: 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each		11	10,000	10,000
CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR CONTRACT			10,000	10,000
(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting yea	r			
	31-Mar	-23	31-Mar	-22
	No of Shares in	(Amount in	No of Shares in	(Amount in
	Units	Thousands)	Units	Thousands)
Equity shares	10,00,000	10,000	10,00,000	10,000
At the beginning of the year	10,00,000	10,000	10,00,000	10,000
Issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year				
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,00,000	10,000	10,00,000	10,000
(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares	90 00 0 0 0 0 0000	5.00 \$5.00 miles		10 109 199
The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Every members	er holding equity shares shall ha	ive voting rights in	n proportion to his sh	nares to the paid
up equity share capital.			-11	outs The
In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive rem	aming assets of the Company, af	ter distribution of	an preferential amou	ints. The
distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.				
(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates				
o . Cut	commony and their cubeidiaries	laccociates are as l	helow:	
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding	company and their subsidiaries.	associates are as l	below: (Amoun	t in Thousands
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding	company and their subsidiaries	associates are as l	delow: (Amoun) 31-Mar-23	
Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company,ultimate holding	company and their subsidiaries	associates are as l	(Amoun	
	company and their subsidiaries	associates are as l	(Amoun	
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ &	company and their subsidiaries	associates are as l	(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd )and its nominees, the immediate holding company.	company and their subsidiaries.	associales are as l	(Amoun	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	company and their subsidiaries.	associates are as l	(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	company and their subsidiaries.	associates are as l	(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	125		(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	31-Mar	-23	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000	31-Mar-2 10,000
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	125		(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd )and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	31-Mar No of Shares in	-23	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar No of Shares in	31-Mar-2 10,000
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	31-Mar No of Shares in	-23	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar No of Shares in	31-Mar-2 10,000
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port	31-Mar No of Shares in Units	-23 % holding	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mai No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port	31-Mar No of Shares in	-23	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar No of Shares in	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port	31-Mar No of Shares in Units	-23 % holding	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mai No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the inuncdiate holding company.	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd )and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd )and its nominees, the immediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar No of Shares in Units	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port  Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the inuncdiate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar Shares in Units 10,00,000 eficial interest, the al	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.009
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the inuncdiate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other decishareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23  10,000  31-Mar No of Shares in Units  10,00,000  eficial interest, the al	% holding 100.009 bove
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd.) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port  Holding Pvt Ltd.) and its nominees, the inuncdiate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other decishareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar Shares in Units 10,00,000 eficial interest, the al	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.000 bove
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GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd.) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the inunediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23  10,000  31-Mar No of Shares in Units  10,00,000  eficial interest, the al	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.009 bove
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23  10,000  31-Mar No of Shares in Units  10,00,000  eficial interest, the al	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.000 bove
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GMR SEZ. & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23  10,000  31-Mar No of Shares in Units  10,00,000  eficial interest, the al	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.000 bove
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GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd Jand its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd Jand its nominees, the immediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance  Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar 10,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.000 bove at in Thousand 31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the inuncdiate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures  Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year  Closing balance  Surplus in the statement of profit and loss  Balance at the beginning of the year	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar 10,000 10,000 10,000,000 eficial interest, the alagorithm (Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000,000 10,0	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.009 bove at in Thousand 31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd.) and Its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance  Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the year Profit/(loss) for the year	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2  10,000  r-22 % holding  100.00%  bove  at in Thousand: 31-Mar-2  (22,92: 22,242
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd) and its nominees, the immediate holding company.  1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the inuncdiate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures  Balance at the beginning of the year  Movement during the year  Closing balance  Surplus in the statement of profit and loss  Balance at the beginning of the year	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000 31-Mar 10,000 10,000 10,000,000 eficial interest, the alagorithm (Amoun 31-Mar-23 10,000,000 10,0	31-Mar-2 10,000 r-22 % holding 100.00% bove at in Thousands 31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd.) and Its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2022:1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up  (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company  Name of shareholder  Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up  GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd ) and its nominees, the immediate holding company.  Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other dec shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.  Other equity  Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance  Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the year Profit/(loss) for the year	31-Mar No of Shares in Units 10,00,000	-23 % holding 100.00%	(Amoun 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2  10,000  r-22 % holding  100.00%  bove  at in Thousand: 31-Mar-2  (22,92: 22,242





11 Trade payables (Refer Aging note no: 21			(Amount	in Thousauds)
	Non-curre	nt	Curren	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade payables				
<ul> <li>Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> <li>Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises-</li> </ul>	100	170	150	5
Related Parties  Total " A"	No.	190	•	
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	-		Committee	
small enterprises	15	925	29	24
<ul> <li>Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises- Related Parties</li> </ul>	100	NE	91	187
Total "B"	Marine Company of the	19	120	211
12 Other liabilities			(Amount	in Thousands)
otic momito	Non-curre	ent	Curren	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Advance received from customers	30	말	15,100	7,067
Statutory dues payable	Market 1997	16	8	12
outility and payable	-	0.	15,108	7,079
3 Short-term Borrowings			(Amount	in Thousauds)
3 Short-term Dorrowings			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Unsecured			2010	41.025
Loan from holding company(unsecured)		93	2,010	41,935
		(C	2,010	41,935
The above amount includes				
Secured Borrowings			2,010	41,935
Unsecured Borrowings		Vi-mer	2,010	41,935
			2,010	41,733

As on 31st March 2021, the outstanding Loan amount was Rs 6,43,55,000. During current financial year 2021-22, the company has further taken a loan of Rs 13,500,000/- and repaid an amount of Rs 35,920,087. As on 31st March 2022, the outstanding Loan amount was Rs 41,934,913. During the FY 2022-23, the company has further taken loan of Rs. 29,50,000 and repaid the Loan an amount of Rs 42,874,913/-. As on 31st March 23, the outstanding Loan amount was Rs 20,10,000. Interest rate for the above Loan is 0%.





14	Other income	(Amount in Thousands)		
til a	Other means	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
	Interest income on		2	
	Bank deposits	1	80 29	
	Debeture and Bonds Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	28,630	22.792	
	Provisions/Liability no longer required written back		140000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Other non-operating income	0		
	Outer non-operating meetic	28,631	22,792	
15	Elaure honefit expense			
19	Employee benefit expense	(Amoun	t in Thousands)	
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
	0. 65 16	2	2	
	Staff welfare expenses	=	=7	
	Recruitment expenses	2	2	
16	Other expenses	(Amoun	at in Thousands) 31-Mar-22	
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
	Rates and taxes	249	99	
	Legal and professional fees	358	354	
	Repairs and maintenance			
	Others		1	
	Brokerage and commission	25	49	
	Travelling and conveyance	25	(12)	
	Payment to auditors (refer details below)	29	24	
	Communication costs	(m)	20	
	Printing and stationery	8	1	
	Bank charges	1	0	
	Miscellaneous expenses		120	
		694	548	
	Payment to auditors			
	As auditor:	16	10	
	Audit fee	15		
	Limited Review	14	14 24	
		29		
17	Income tax expenses in the statement of profit and loss consist of the following:		nt in Thousands)	
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
	Tax expenses			
	Current tax	( <del>**</del> )	50	
	Deferred tax			
	Total taxes			
	The tax expense can be reconcilied for the period to the accounting profit as follows:	(Amou	nt in Thousands)	
	The tax expense and or recommend at the	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
	Profit Before Tax	27,935	22,242	
	Applicable tax rate	26.00%	26.00%	
	Computed tax expense	7,263	5,783	
	Deferred tax**	-7,263	-5,783	
	Doloned wa			
	At the effective income tax rate	-	1	
	Total tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss			
	**Deferred tax asset has not been recognized on brought forward losses as there is no probability taxable profits will be available against which DTA will be adjusted.	y/convincing or other evidence	e that sufficient	
18	Farnings per share ('FPS')			

# 18 Earnings per share ['EPS']

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-Mar-43	31-War-22
Profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent (Amount in Thousands) Continuing operations (Amount in Thousands) Discontinued operations (Amount in Thousands)	27,935	22,242
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the parent for basic/diluted earnings per share (Amount in Thousands)	27,935	22,242
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs.10 each outstanding during the period used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (No of Shares in units)	10,00,000	10,00,000
Earnings per share for continuing operations -Basic (Rs. in units)	27.94	22.24
Earnings per share for continuing operations -Diluted (Rs. in units)	27.94	22.24



### Advika Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Advika Properties Private Limited domiciled in India and incorporated on 28th March, 2008. The company is in the business of dealing in real estate, property development, estate agency to acquire by purchase, exchange, net or otherwise deal in lands, buildings or any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with lands so situated and laying out, developing land for industrial purpose, building and preparing sites by planting, paving, drawing and by constructing offices, flats, service flats, hotels, warehouses, shopping and commercial complexes, by leasing, letting or renting, selling( by instalments, ownership, hire purchase basis or otherwise or disposing of the same). The company's Holding company is GMR SEZ and Port Holding Limited and ultimate holding company is GMR Power and Urban infia Limited/GMR Enterprises Private Limited.

The registered office of the company is located in Hosur in Tamilnadu, India.

Information on other related party relationships of the Company is provided in Note 19

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 27th April 2023

## 2 Significant accounting policies

## A Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain funancial The Industrial success that walkes, the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

## B Summary of significant accounting policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

## b) Current versus Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle

ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading

iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when it is:

i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
iii)It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

iv)There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

# (Property, Plant and Equipments

# Recognition:

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if:
(a) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity, and

(b) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Fixed Assets are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment. Such cost includes the expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset are derecognised when replaced. Further, when each major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

# d) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation on the Property plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at, based on useful lives estimated by the management, which coincides with

the lives prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for assets individually costing less than Rs. 5,000 which are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition

The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation charges for impaired assets is adjusted in future periods in such a manner that revised carrying amount of the asset is allocated over its remaining useful life.





#### e) Investment properties

Since there is no change in the functional currency, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investment property as recognised in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1st April 2015.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised using straight line method so as to write off the cost of investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, or in the case of assets where useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. Freehold land and properties under construction are not depreciated.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an

annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying a valuation model recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal.

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

#### f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets include software and their useful lives are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

# g) Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets like the Software licence are amortised over the useful life of 6 years as estimated by the management.

### h) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

# i) Leases:

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

1) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

# ii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Reutal income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless either:

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of a straight-line basis over the lease of the dimensional another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis; or

b. the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. If payments to the lessor vary because of factors other than general inflation, then this condition is not met.





#### l) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all applicable costs in bringing goods to their present locations and condition.

#### k) Impairment of non-financial assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment properties, intangible assets and investments in associates and joint ventures determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the said assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any. Goodwill and the intangible assets with indefinite life are tested for impairment each year.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined:

- (i) in case of an individual asset, at the higher of the net selling price and the value in use; and
- (ii) in case of a cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows), at the higher of the cash generating unit's net selling price and the value in use.

(The amount of value in use is determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For this purpose, the discount rate (pre-tax) is determined based on the weighted average cost of capital of the company suitably adjusted for risks specified to the estimated cash flows of the asset).

For this purpose, a cash generating unit is ascertained as the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

If recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, such deficit is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss as impairment loss and the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For this purpose, the impairment loss recognised in respect of a cash generating unit is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets of the cash generating unit on a pro-rata basis.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss is recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

# I) Provisions, Confingent liabilities, Confingent assets, and Commitments

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost."

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date

# in) Financial Intruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contract embodying the related financial instruments. All financial assets, financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at transaction cost and where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities are fair value measured on initial recognition of financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liability at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of interest free or concession loans/debentures/preference shares given to associates and joint ventures, the excess of the actual amount of the loan over initial measure at fair value is accounted as an equity investment.

Investment in equity instruments issued by associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less impairment.

# Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective

interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

# a) Financial Assets

# Financial Assets at amortised cost

Financial Assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual

cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# Financial Assets measured at fair value

"Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income is carried at fair value through the statement of profit and loss.

# Impairment of financial assets

"Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

For financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, loss allowance equal to twelve months expected credit losses is recognised. Loss allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit losses is recognised if the credit risk on the financial instruments has significantly increased since initial recognition."





De-recognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount measured at the date of de-recognition and the consideration received is recognised in

For trade and other receivables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

### b) Financial liabilities and equity lutruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

### **Equity Instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant. Interest bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in the statement of profit and loss.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction co that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

# n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

# o) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset of liability, assuming that market participants act in

"A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs."

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period."

The Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations. The Valuation Committee comprises of the head of the investment properties segment, heads of the Company's internal mergers and acquisitions team, the head of the risk management department, financial controllers and chief finance officer.





External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. Valuers are normally rotated every three years.

At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Company, in conjunction with the Company's external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value.

## m) Revenue recognition Under Ind AS 115 for companies where there is no contract with customer.

The Company applied Ind AS 115 for the first time from April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts and Ind AS 18 Revenue. Revenue is recognized on transfer of control of goods and services to the customer at the amount to which the company expects to be entitled. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

#### Interest Income

"For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Other interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable."

#### Dividends

"Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend."

#### n) Taxe

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

### Current Iucome Tax

"Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate."

# Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability model. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all the taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences are not provided to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') paid in accordance with the tax law in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax assets in balance sheet when the assets can be measured reliably and it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the assets will be realised.

# q) Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") expenditure

The Company charges its CSR expenditure, if any, during the year to the statement of profit and loss





Advika Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2023

# 19 Related Party Disclosure

# a List of related parties

Enterprises that control the Company
GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited (GSPHL) (Holding Company)
GMR Power and Urban Infra Limited (GPUIL) GMR Enterprises Private Limited (GEPL)

Fellow Subsidiary Companies
Amartya Properties Private Limited(Amartya) Amarya Properties Private Limited (Aklima)
Aklima Properties Private Limited (Aklima)
Baruni Properties Private Limited (Baruni)
Bougainvillea Properties Private Limited (BPL)
Camelia Properties Private Limited (CPPL)
Deepesh Properties Private Limited (CPPL) Eila Properties Private Limited (EPPL) Gerbera Properties Private Limited (GPPL) Lakshmi Priya Properties Private Limited (LPPPL)
Larkspur Properties Private Limited (LPPL) Lantana Properties Private Limited (LPPL) Honeysuckle Properties Private Limited (HPPL) Honeysuckie Properties Private Limited (IPPL)
Idika Properties Private Limited (IPPL)
Krishaapriya Properties Private Limited (KPPL)
Nadira Properties Private Limited (NPPL)
Pranesh Properties Private Limited (PPPL)
Pranesh Properties Private Limited (PPPL)
Pranesh Properties Private Limited (Pranesh) Prakalpa Properties Private Limited (Prakalpa)
Purnachaudra Properties Private Limited (PPRA)
Radhapriya Properties Private Limited (RPPL)
Radhapriya Properties Private Limited (RPPL)
Streyadita Properties Private Limited (SPPL)
Sreepa Properties Private Limited (Sreepa)
GMR Generation Assets Limited (GGAL) GMR Generation Assets Limited (GGAL)
GMR Aero structure services Limited (GASL)
GMR Krishnagiri SIR Limited (GKSIR)
Honeyflower Estates Private Limited (HFE)
Namitha Real Estates Private Limited (NREPL)
Suzone properties Private Limited (Suzone)
Lilliam Properties Private Limited (Guzone)
GMR Utilities Private Limited (GUPL)
DEES Search Captage Limited (SUPL) Raxa Security Services Limited (RSSL)
East Godavari Power Distribution Company Private Limited(EGPDL) East Godavari Power Distribution Company Private Limited (EGPDL)
Dhruvi Securities Limited (DSL)

Key Management Personnel Mr. Govind Bhat P Mr. K L Krishna Kumar

Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:	(Amount in Tho	usands)
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Issue / (Redemption) of 0%, Optional Convertible Debentures		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL		
CCD invested on:		
- Fellow subsidiary - DSL	4,000	
-Fellow subsidiary - GKSIR	16,000	
Interest on CCD :-		
- Fellow subsidiary – DSL	1	-
-Fellow subsidiary - GKSIR	0.07	-
Repayment to creditors:-		
Fellow Subsidiary-GHEL		
Reimbursement of TDS to :-		
-Fellow subsidiary - RPPPL		
Loan given/( Refunded):		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL		
Loan taken / (Refunded to):	1000	
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	2,950	13,500
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	(42,875)	(35,920
Sundry Creditors :- ( Paid to)		
-Fellow subsidiary – GETL		
Other expenses to :-		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	353	345
-Fellow subsidiary - PPPPL		
- Fellow subsidiary - RSSL		120

Outstanding Balances at the year-end :	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Equity Share Capital		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	10,000	10,000
Loan taken from:		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	2,010	41,935
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GPUIL		
Interest on Loan (payable)to :-	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	
- Enterprises that Control the Company — GPUIL	-	
Interest on CCD (Receivable) from :-		
- Fellow subsidiary - DSL	0.49	
-Fellow subsidiary - GKSIR	0.07	
CCD invested on:		
- Fellow subsidiary - DSL	4,000	
-Fellow subsidiary - GKSIR	16,000	- uses - 2
Advance received from customer:		
-Fellow subsidiary - GETL		S
Creditors / payable to:		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL	91	187
- Fellow subsidiary - RSSL		

Palace Road, Bangalore-1

Advika Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2023

### 20 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. Company's senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

### A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, and derivative

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations, provisions.

## The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

#### B. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have fluctuating interest rate borrowings, thus company does not have any interest rate risk.

#### C. Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have exposure to foreign currency payable or receivable balances and hence it does not have any foreign currency risk.

Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

# E. Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest payments):

				(Ar	nount in Thousands)
Particulars	On demand	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Year ended March 31, 2023	ANT 3-1 (1)				
Borrowings	10-747	2,010			2,010
Trade and other payables		120			120.01
Other financial liabilities					-
Total	-	2,130			2,130
Year ended March 31, 2022					
Borrowings		41,935			41,935
Trade and other payables		211		C CONTROL DATE OF THE CONTROL OF THE	211
Other financial liabilities		1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		A DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF T	_
Total	-	42,146	-	-	42,146





Advika Properties Private Limited

Standalone summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023

21 Note - (Refer Trade payable Sch no: 11)
New disclosures as per the requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Act

# A Ageing schedule of trade payables

<b>3</b>				(Amo	ount in Thousands)
As at 31 March 2023	Outs	Total			
	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Micro, small and medium exterprises					
Others	120	\.	•		120
Disputed dues — MSME					
Disputed dues — Others		TIME TO SECURE		19	

As at 31 March 2022	Outs	ment	unt in Thousands ) Total		
As at of major Even	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Micro, small and medium exterprises	-	-		767	9.4
Others	211		9	392	211
Disputed dues — MSME	14	-	-		32
Disputed dues — Others					Alexander Committee

B Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company: NIL and not applicable

C The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.

The Company does not have any transactions/ balances with companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 to the best of knowledge of Company's management.

E The Company has not traded or invested funds in Crypto currency of Virtual currency.

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities(Funding Party) with the understating (whether recorded in writing or otherwise)

'(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(ii) provide any guarantee, security of the line of behalf of both and commanded.

The Company has not declared wilfful defaulter by any bank of financial institution of other lender.

The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments. (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions) under Income Tax Act, 1961





Advika Properties Private Limited Standalone summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year Year ended March 31, 2023

	Measurement	Numerator	Denominator	As at	As at	Variance	Kemarks
4	unit			31 March 2023	31 March 2022		
				Ratio	Ratio		
CHECK THOUSE		Current assets	Current liabilities	0.02	0.02	18%	Note 1A below
Debt-equity ratio		Total debt	Total equity	0.05	4.50	%66-	Due to repayment of Loan
		Non-current borrowings + Current porrowings					W 4 A 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Debt service coverage ratio		Earnings before depreciation and amortisation and interest expense (incl [Earnings = Profit after tax + Depreciation and amortisation capitalised) + Principe expense + Finance costs (excluding interest on lease liabilities)	Interest expense (including capitalised) + Principal repayment (including prepayments)	0.65	0.62	2%	Note 1A below
			The state of the s				Due to increase the profit
Return on equity ratio		Profit after tax	Average of total equity	1.20	(12.34)	-110%	on sale of Land during this
			A representation of the second	5	5		Note 1A below
Inventory tumover ratio		Costs of materials consumed	Avelage liveliones				
Trade receivables turnover		Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	60	5	%0	Note 1A below
Tau C		Discharge	Average trade payables	1			Note 1A below
rade payables turnover ratio		Luicitases	200000000000000000000000000000000000000				Minte d A training
Net capital turnover ratio		Revenue from operations	Working capital [Current assets - Current liabilities	Ü	(10)	<b>%</b> 0	Note 1A below
Not profit ratio		Profit after tax	Revenue from operations	*			Note 1A below
Return on capital employed		Earnings before depreciation and amortisation, interest and tax	Capital employed				Due to increase the profit on sale of Land during this
		amortisation expense + Finance costs (excluding interest on	liabilities + Current	0.71	0.43	64%	year
		lease liabilities)]	borrowings]				
		Internet income (Finance income 0	Investment			%0	Note 1A below

Note 1

A Reason for variation of more than 25%





# Advika Properties Private Limited

Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Amendment to Ind AS 7						
Eff-+in- Ail 1 2017 tha	company adopted the ar	mendment to Inc	I ΔS 7 which rec	nuires entities to pr	rovide disclosures th	at enable user
Effective April 1, 2017, the t	company adopted the ar	Hendinent to me	I AJ 7, WINGIT FOR	dires chesses to p.	Amount in Tho	usands
Particulars	01-04-2022	Cash Flow	Non C	Cash Changes	31-03-2023	
			Fair Value Changes	Others		
					(+)	
Long Term Borrowings						2,01





For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain strong credit rating and heathy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

		(Amou	nt in Thousands)
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Borrowings		2,010 120	41,935 211
Trade payables (Notell)		-	-
Other payables (Note12)		53	419
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7) Net debt	(i)	2,183	42,565
Share Capital		10,000	10,000
Other Equity		27,253	-682
Total capital	(ii) =	37,253	9,318
Capital and net debt	(iii= i+ii)	39,437	51,883
Gearing ratio (%)	(i/iii)	5.54%	82.04%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the period.

#### 25 Segment reporting

The Chief Operating Decision Maker reviews the operations of the Company primarily as a business of procurement of land, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by the management. Hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided under IND AS 108 'Operating Segments'.

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for, net of advances Rs.NIL (March'22 - Rs.NIL).

The Company does not have any peuding litigations which would impact its financial position.

RTHY

4502

High Point IV

Bangalore-1

Palace Road

# Foreseeable losses

The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses

# 29 MSME Dues

There are no micro and small enterprises to which the company owes dues which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2023. This information, as required to be disclosed under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company

# 33. Recent accounting pronouncements

'Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies and include corresponding amendments to IND AS 107 and IND AS 34. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statements. Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. Also there is corresponding amendment to IND AS 101. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 0009348

B. Girish Rac Partner Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur Date: 27th April 2023 For and on behalf of the board of directors Advika Properties Private Limited

agadeeswara Rao Majji DIN: 09641153

K L Krishna Kumar Director DIN: 08206490

2	Short	IC Code	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code	Transaction Description	CI Code	Main Read	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG BPC IGAAP GL	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount	BPCIND AS GL	IGAAP Amount IDC IND AS GL Ind As adjustment Amount Yold (IGAAP+ IND AS Adjustments)	Total (IGAAP+ IND AS Adjustments)
١.	Depte	1 56171	Coolin 1 Estats Cool and September 1 Institute	Capital Advance	1042502007	Other Non current assets	1042502007 Other Non current assets Capital advances to related party EUMTYPO1	EUMTYPOI					
	1000	1 66111	Dospi i F6111 Dirum Securities Private United	Interest on CCD	1030100003 Current	Other financial assets Current	interest accrued on long term investments	ELIMITYPO2	121100040,INP	488			488.22
	Creip	u ceem	Cretty 1 Exemply State Seather seals Ctd Limited	D) to tioned	1030100003 Current	Other financial assets Current	Interest accrued on long term Investments	EUMTYPO2	121100040.INP	70			70.14

	Short	ñ	Code Company name	Transaction Description	Ot code	Main Head	Dead duc	ic_tunk/ ruuc	BPC (GAAS GL	IGAAP Amount	IGAAP AMOUNT BPC THD AS GL	Ind AS adjustment Amount	I Total ( IGAAP • IND AS Adjustments)
TOTAL BIRGUES BEING TO THE STREET STR			bed both the book bodd and the	Anthony constraint annual	91010205002	Trade payables Current	Trade payables - Current - Due to Related parties		SZOSOSOSINP	91,012			91,011.90
		1 10171	GMR SEZ & POT PORTING LITHERS	Other consumancy	O'CONTON O						STATE OF TAXABLE		
											STATE OF THE STATE		Э

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	Ž.	Short	No Short ICCode Company name Code	Transaction Description	Gt Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG BPC IGAAP GL	BPC IGNAP GL	IGAAP Amount	IGAAP Amount DPC IND AS GL D P P	Investment in Equity portion of related party loans / debenture Other 1910 04 adjustment	Notional interest expense accrued till date	Notional interest Total (net of ind AS expense accrued Adjustments)
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Short	E Cod	Si No Short IC Code Company name Code	Transaction Description	Gt Code	Main Head	beat du?	IC_ELIM/ PLUG	BPC IGANO GL	IGAAP Amount	IGAAP Amount 8PC IND AS GL	figuity Component of Notional Interest Total (GAAA+ND A5 DTJ DTA related party fours.) expense accrued Adjustments) debenture/ PT Share till date farehalter TTI sechelles TTI a	Notional Interest expense accrued till date	Total ( !GAAP + IND AS Adjustments)	оп./ ота	Des
99	E 5612	GAR SEZ & Part Holdings Limited	toen taken	2030500011	2030500011 Short term borrowings	Indian rupee shart term loans EUMTYPD4	EUMTYP04	320100060.INP	20,10,000				20,10,000.00		
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1	1						Section of the second			No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Persons and Street, or other P					2000

BPC IND AS GL

Gt Code E. Delerred Tax
SINo Short IC Code Company name
Code

ž Ž	Short	K Code Company name	Transaction Description	GL Code Main Head	Main Head	Sub Heard	IC_ELIM/ PLUG	ENC OF	ICAAP Amount	IPC IND AS GL	GAAP Amount IDC IND AS G. tquiry component of related party loans / debandure Prf Share Institute IDT Share Institute IDT.	equity component)	oculty As Adjustments and As Adjustments and As Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments)	IND AS Adjustments)
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12 2	Short IC Co	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code	Transaction Description	Gt Code	Main Head	Sub Head	ic_eum/ reuc	BPC IGAAP GL	KGAAP Amount	DPC IND AS GL	KGAAP Amount UPC IND AS GC Investment in Equity Notional Interest Total Cred Cind AS portion of perfections shared supersecond Adjustments) debending Loans III date.	Notional interest expense acrosed till date	Total ( net of Ind AS Adjustments)
1 2	ě	PACO   PETATE Observation Description	Transact transact in CT3	investmi szsociati 1020125007	ent in subsidanes e and e joint	Investment in debentures - Subsidiary companies	ELIMITYPO7	110400110.INP	40,00,000				40,000,000.00
ય હ		Post of the state		associate associate	investment in subsidence associate and a joint venture.	₹ 3	ELIMTYPO7	4NF011009011	15000000				1.60,00,000,00

Si No Short Code	IC Code Company name	Transaction Description	Gt Code	se Main Head	Sub Head	IC_CIM/PWG BPC1GAVP CL.	BPCIGAAP GL	ICAAP Amount	DPC IND AS GL	(Alternative Annount Transition As St. March Support Announce Announce Transition As St. March Support Announce Transition As St. March Support Announce Transition Ass. March Support Announce Transition Ann	in Re. Total ( IGAAP + IND AS Adjustmenta)
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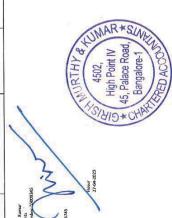
N IX	Short	IC Code Co.	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code	Transaction Description	Gt Code	GL Code Main Head	Sub Head	IC_CUM/ PLUG	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount	BPC IND AS GL	C_CIMA/PLUG   BPCYCAAP GL   GAAP Ameunt   GPC ND AS GL   Ind AS adjustment Amount   Total (Edutor to Ameunt ) Total (Edut	Total [ IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments]
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Column   C	Short	C Code	SI No Short IC Code Company name	Transaction Description GL Code	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_EUM/ PLUG	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP	Provisional	Reimbursemer	BPC IND AS GL	it BPC IND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Amount	t Total ( IGAAP + IND AS Adjustmental)	BPCGL	DTUDTA	Expense/ (Incoms)
Interest income on CCD 400010010 Other income debentures ELIMTYP21 42	ap code		Control of the Contro	Off an amount parameter	400001001	10 Other income	Interest income on debentures	B.IMTYP21	420200122.INP	542					542.47			
Interest Income on CCD 4000010010 Other income debentures ELIMIYP21 44	Dark	10777	Date of the second of the seco	One of the state o			Interest Income on		die casoners						70.14			
	GKSIR	1 55500	GMR Krishnagiri SIR Umited	Interest Income on CCD	40000100	10 Other income	debentures	EUMTYP21	420200122,INP	/U.14								

								100010000	arren .	Deer delegant	Te lumber ton man and	I DOG MIN POO	and a Cadiment	Total ( ICAAP + IND	RPCGI	ATI / DTA	Deferred Tax
Si No Short	IC Code	SI No Short IC Code Company name	Transaction Description GL Code	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG	BPC IGAMP GL	Amount	Expense	Expense	Expense	Amount AS Adjustments	AS Adjustments!			Expense/ (Income)
		7	Other control branch street	PLOUVUS	GODATO 1999 Other expenses	Legal and professional	FLIMITYP16	S10107080JNP	3,53,005					3,53,005.05			
T (ESTR	1 50171	CAPRIL 1 (61/2) GMR 3C & POT DEBING LIBRER	The state of the s				The state of the s					100 Sept 100		0			
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	No Short IC Code Comp	e Company name	Capitalised under (to be selected from dropdown	N epoc 15	Nature of Expense Sub Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG	BPC IGAMP GL	IGAAP Amount		BPC IND AS GL	Ind AS adjustment Amount	Total (IGAAP+IND AS Adjustments)
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							1 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1			station that beautiful 1921.			





For the Year ended March 31, 2023 Advika Properties Private Limited Company Code E5501 Related Party Transaction Details Transaction for the period

All the transaction during th period (loan taken/loan given/security deposit given/security deposit taken/SAM refunded/SAM taken)

					In Rs.
SI No	Short	IC Code	IC Code Company name	Transaction Description	Amount
1	GSPHL	I E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan taken	29,50,000
2	GSPHL	I E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan Refunded	4,28,74,913
i m	DSPL	1 E6111	Dhruvi Securities Private Limited	Investment in CCD	40,00,000
4	GKSIR	I E5500	GMR Krishnagiri SIR Limited	Investment in CCD	1,60,00,000
5					
9					
7					
8					

For Girish Murthy & Kumar Firm registration number Chartered Accountants

B. Girish Rao Partner Mem No.

85745

27-04-2023 Hosur Place: Date:

Advika Properties Private Limited Jagadeeswara Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



